About every one in Washington who reads at all reads The

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ONE CENT.

# WILSON TO DENY ARMS TO HUERTA AND ISSUE WARNING TO MEXICANS, HE PERSONALLY TELLS CONGRESS

# HIS VOICE HEARD IN DEEP SILENCE

Congress, Cabinet Members, His Family and Public Listen to Important Message.

**CHAPLAIN COUDEN INVOKES** 

and Burst of Applause Greets Conclusion.

President Wilson had intense attention as he read his message to the assembled houses of Congress today bearing on the efforts of the United States to bring about

While it was his third appearance before Congress, no President other than George Washington has ever appeared in

where the Speaker and the Vice President improved. They have grown worse, rather. of talk in the big hall died away, and every man present and every woman in the crowded galleries stood up and applauded.

#### Had His Message in Hand.

The President had his message with Occasionally he stopped for a drink of vater, and if it had not been for Miss by the President's side, thought it better to have a pitcher for ice water. But no pitcher could be found, until Miss Maher loaned her pitcher-a clay one of ancient

the House convened but few nembers were present, but the floor and for the arrival of the President ap-The Rev. Henry N. Couden,

haplain of the House, took cognizance of the occasion in the petition: 'Rule Thou in the hearts of our rulers and sway the minds of these, Thy servants, that as a nation we may move forward to all that is pure and noble until all the peoples of all the world shall recognize the purity of our motives," he

mittee then secured consideration of the resolution authorizing the investigating of charges against Federal Judge Emory Speer of Georgia.

## President's Family There.

Wilson family

ing of the joint committee. Representand Senators Bacon, Williams and Root serve them without first thinking how were named on the committee to bring we shall serve ourselves.

greeted the Vice President and the Speak- world is interested as never before. er, and, taking his place at the clerk's Mexico lies at last where all the world had any selfish or ulterior purpose in desk, began the reading of the message looks on. Central America is about to transactions where the peace, happiness every corner of the big hall.

Just after the President entered the

#### Congress Listens Silently.

In silent attention the entire Congress listened as the President outlined the need for immediate improvewas sent to Mexico City.

galleries rose to their feet as the President filed out of the chamber. The reading of the message took about twenty minutes. Immediately after the President left. the Senate began to file back to its own

Speaker Clark referred the message to the House committee on foreign affairs, and within ten minutes after the Presi-

#### dent concluded his reading the House **New Note From Huerta**

# Has Been Sent to Lind:

way from Mexico City to John Lind at tal is evidently impossible by any other istration. Vera Cruz. The administration there means than force. Difficulties more and "The government of the United States made every effort to get it to Washing- more entangle those who claim to consti- will be glad to play any part in this setton before President Wilson went before tute the legitimate government of the re- tlement or in its carrying out which it fantry.

President Wilson made one change in disorder, devastation and confusion, seem ble and proper to assist the administrahis message today. White House offi- to threaten to become the settled fortune tion chosen and set up in Mexico in the cials declared, however, it was a minor of the distracted country. As friends we way and on the conditions suggested.

Early in the morning Secretary Bryan

President Reads Long-Expected Message, in Which He Declares Situation Must Be Given More Time to Work Itself Out.

## FRIENDSHIP OF U. S. REJECTED BECAUSE IT IS MISUNDERSTOOD

President Wilson today personally read to the Senate and the DIVINE AID FOR RULERS House of Representatives, the Congress being assembled in joint session in the hall of the House for the purpose of hearing it, his long-Reading Takes But Twenty Minutes expected message on the subject of Mexican affairs.

He declared: "I deem it my duty to exercise the authority conferred upon me by the law of March 14, 1912, to see to it that neither side to the struggle now going on in Mexico receive any assistance from this side of the border. I shall follow the best practice of nations in the matter of neutrality by forbidding the exportation of arms or munitions of war of any kind from the United States to any part of the republic of Mexico."

#### WARNING TO MEXICO.

The President said: "We should let every one who assumes to exercise authority in any part of Mexico know in the most unequivocal way that we shall vigilantly watch the fortunes of those Americans who cannot get away, and shall hold those responsible for their sufferings and losses to a definite reckoning. That can and will be made plain beyond the possibility of a misunderstanding."

The President furnished Congress with a copy of his instruclent attention. Speaker Clark's perfunc- tions to John Lind, his personal representative in Mexico, and with a copy of the reply of Mexico rejecting the proposals of the United

"The present circumstances of the republic, I deeply regret to ne House chamber, the senators filing in say," he declared, "do not seem to promise even the foundations two by two not many minutes before the of such a peace. We have waited many months, months full of peril and anxiety, for the conditions there to improve, and they have not

#### PROVISIONAL CONTROL SMALLER.

"The territory in some sort controlled by the provisional authorities at Mexico City has grown smaller, not larger."

The President declared: "I am happy to say that several of the great governments of the world have given this government their generous moral support in urging upon the provisional authorities Only Criticism Regards Sugat the City of Mexico the acceptance of our proffered good offices in the spirit in which they were made.'

The message, and the reply of Mexico rejecting the good offices of the United States, are as follows: effecting some arrangement which would

It is clearly my duty to lay before you, bring relief and peace and set up a univery fully and without reservation, the facts concerning our present relations with the Republic of Mexico. The deplorable posture of affairs in Mexico I need not describe, but I deem it my duty to speak very frankly of what this government has done and should seek to do in fulfillment of its obligation to Mexico herself, as a friend and neighbor, and to interests are daily affected by the dis-

tressing conditions which now obtain be-

yond our southern border. interest and sympathy is aroused and many an occasion, in happier times as

The peace, prosperity and contentment an enlargement of the field of selfgovernment and the realization of the to pay the most scrupulous regard to the opes and rights of a nation with sovereignty and independence of Mexicowhose best aspirations, so long supsympathize. We shall yet prove to the of right and honor-but also to give every atives Underwood, Fitzgerald and Mann Mexican people that we know how to possible

#### Not Her Only Friends.

a low, clear voice that penetrated to be touched by the great routes of the world's trade and intercourse running free from ocean to ocean at the dictates. isthmus. The future has much in store Central America; but the best gifts can ment in conditions in Mexico. Still come to her only if she be ready and mexico herself, and with the maintenance should insist always upon the protection was opposed by the Anti-Saloon League. closer attention greeted his reading of honorably. America in particularthe instructions under which John Lind America north and south and upon no common occasion therefore. It is upon country. both continents—waits upon the devellopment of Mexico; and that developsistance. All America orleand asMexico cannot be considered a civilized an outpurst of applause greeted the opinion of the message, and floor and ment can be sound and lasting only if sistance. All America cries out for a it be the product of a genuine freedom, a just and ordered government founded upon law. Only so can it be peaceful or fruitful of the benefits of peace. Mexico has a great and enviable future before her, if only she choose and attain the paths of honest constitutional government.

The present circumstances of the republic, I deeply regret to say, do not seem to promise even the foundations of such a peace. We have walted many months, months full of peril and anxiety, for the free election in which all will agree to conditions there to improve, and they take part; have not improved. They have grown worse, rather. The territory in some sort bind himsel! not to be a candidate for controlled by the provisional authorities election as president of the republic at at Mexico City has grown smaller, not Contents Not Yet Known larger. The prospect of the pacification and larger. to grow more and more remote; and its co-operate in the most loyal way in or- Second Lieut. David B. Falk, jr., 12th pacification by the authorities at the capi-

#### versally acknowledged political authority Instructions to Mr. Lind.

Accordingly, I took the liberty of send ing the Hon. John Lind, formerly Governor of Minnesota, as my personal spokesman and representative, to the City of Mexico, with the following in-

"Press very earnestly upon the attenreal progress is being made toward the for further dealings in an effort to bring establishment of a government at the

fusion, to show that our friendship is our genuine desire to play the part of a genuine and disinterested, capable of friend, but also because we are expectsacrifice and every generous manifesta- ed by the powers of the world to act as Mexico's nearest friend.

for Mexico, not as any selfish interest

no common occasion, therefore, that the

## The Proposals.

to be conditioned on-"(a) An immediate cessation of fighting throughout Mexico, a definite armistice ligerents with all the privileges accorded tinuously until he came to Washington, solemnly entered into and scrupulously them by international law.

"(b) Security given for an early and "(c) The consent of Gen. Huerta to

this election, and

have proved only temporary. War and self to recognize and in every way possicould wait no longer for a solution which "Taking all the existing conditions into every week seemed further away. It was consideration, the government of the our duty at least to volunteer our good United States can conceive of no reasons offices-to offer to assist, if we might, in (Continued on Third Page.)



# SENATORS APPROVE WILSON'S MESSAGE

gestion That Americans Leave Mexico.

mittee on foreign relations of the Senate, expressed what is thought to be the prevailing sentiment of both sides of the chamber as regards President Wilson's message on Mexico.

mirable document," he said. "It sets forth the facts without reservation, and borne in mind, is that it does not close the case; does not bring negotiations to a finality, but leaves the situation open

#### about a satisfactory settlement.' United Congress Behind Him.

Commenting upon the President's mes-

of all the American people. The Presitheir support of the President as are American people."

Senator Root of New York said he had no comment to make at present, but that ne might discuss the message on the floor of the Senate. Senator Warren of Wyoming declared

nimself in sympathy with the President n his efforts to preserve peace. He said, however, that the President's suggestion that American citizens leave Mexico night have a bad effect.

## But One Criticism to Make.

"I am heartily in accord with the Presand prosperity of a whole people are Mexico. The only criticism of the mesinvolved. It is acting as its friendship sage I have to make is with reference to scrutinizing candidates for commissioners, that part which urges Americans to leave law by individuals not inimical to its pro-"The present situation in Mexico is in- Mexico. I have always been of that visions. He is named to fill the vacancy for Mexico, as for all the states of compatible with the fulfillment of school which believes that in treating created by the President's withdrawal of international obligations on the part of Mexico, with the civilized development of should insist always upon the protection was opposed by the Anti-Saloon League. of tolerable political and economic con- of her citizens within the borders of that "The President seems to indicate that

nation when he suggests that Americans of Cleveland, Newton D. Baker, who is leave Mexico." Senator Sheppard of Texas interpreted the President's message as such a full strongest kind of indorsement was given

"A satisfactory settlement seems to us recognition of the belligerency of the to his candidacy. constitutionalists that he announced that he would not press his resolution for the recognition of Carranza followers as bel-

## ARMY NOMINATIONS IN.

#### President Sends List of New Officers to Senate Today. The President today sent to the Senate

the following nominations: To be second lieutenant of infantry-To be second lieutenant of cavalry-

Second Lieut. Carlyle H. Wash, 14th In-Officials had no intimation of public. They have not made good their can play honorably and consistently To be first lieutenants, Medical Reserve mittee to pass upon the nominations of claim in fact. Their successes in the field with international right. It pledges it- Corps-Alexander Watson Williams of the three excise commissioners will be port of Minnesota, Ralph Michael Le

William Guy Guthrie of Kansas,

# BAKER IS NOMINATED FOR THE EXCISE BOARD

Selection by President Completes Personnel of the Body.



HENRY S. BAKER.

The nomination of Henry S. Baker to b a member of the excise board of the Dismorning in the columns of The Star, was sent to the Senate today by the President. The selection of Mr. Baker comas nominated by the President, the others being R. G. Smith and Joseph C. Sheehy. to the Anti-Saloon League, which has been most active in effecting the enact-

## Uncle of Cleveland's Mayor.

Mr. Baker is the uncle of the mayor a personal friend of the President. The Mr. Baker was born in Shepherdstown

W. Va., in 1857, and resided there conabout nine years ago. Formerly he was engaged in a drug and general merchandise business in Shepherdstown, but during his residence in Washington he has been connected with the Allegheny Coal Company. He has two sons, William Lester and

Henry A. Baker, both of whom have positions with the Southern Railway Company. Two daughters, one of whom is married and lives in Philadelphia, and a wife complete the family.

## Senators to Act Friday.

A meeting of the Senate District com-District of Columbia, Walter Paul Daven- called for Friday by Chairman Smith, it Comte of Pennsylvania, Louis Hopewell is understood. Friday is the regular Bauer of Massachusetts, Lamphear Wesley, Webb, jr., of Pennsylvania, Austin James Canning of Pennsylvania, Harold Henry Fox of New York, Frederick Henry Dieterich of New York and William Committee of Kansas

continued, with I. H. McMichael testifying. Thursday. firmed without delay.

Horse Drawing Commissioner's Coupe Becomes Frightened and Runs Away.

skill of Alexander S. Hicks, the Commissioner's colored driver, in guiding the frightened animal through crowded thoroughfares, and finally checking it on a side street, probably saved Mr. Siddons'

spirited, six-year-old gelding, became sued a mad dash up that thoroughfare to T street, where the driver succeeded in getting the horse under control. "It was the closest call I ever had.

said Commissioner Siddons when he arcoupe swerved wildly as we went up 16th averted, but there was no chance for me fear was that the harness would break before Hicks could get the animal under control. Hicks did not lose his head for minute, and it is due to his skill that the incident did not result seriously."

#### EGERTON GETS \$4,000 PLUM. Tennessee Man Made Solicitor of the Navy Department.

Graham Egerton of Charlotte, Tenn., to twenty-five years in the circuit, chancery to Mulhall. The letters, mimeographed or court today, maintained that this inmissioned by the governor of the state as room once or twice, but he did not respecial judge to hold the courts during member any loan shark bill discussion. the absence of the regular circuit judge. Mr. Egerton is a constituent of Representative Padgett of Tennessee, chairman of the House committee on naval affairs, who indorsed him strongly for the appointment as an able attorney and a wise counselor.

## THE DAY IN CONGRESS.

Met at 11 a.m. Resumed consideration of tariff bill, income tax section being taken Foreign relations committee con-

sidered nomination of Preston Mc-Goodwin as minister to Venezuela. Lobby investigating committee continued its hearing. Senate recessed, proceeding to House chamber for joint session. House: Met at noon.

Passed resolution authorizing judictary committee to investigate charges against United States Judge Emory Speer of Georgia. Convened in joint session with Senate at 1 p.m. and listened to President Wilson deliver in person message on Mexican affairs, which was concluded at 1:21 p.m. Lobby investigating committee

Adjourned at 1:28 p.m. until noon

# SECRET ROOM USED **NEW YORK BALKED** FOR STUDY OF LAW

No Mystery About Apartment State Ruled Out of Court in Adjoining Representative McDermott's Office.

**EXPLAINED BY H. S. SHAW** AT THE LOBBY HEARING

Discusses Latter's Financial Difficulties-McMichael on Stand.

umphrey S. Shaw, former secretary o Representative McDermott of Illinois, cret room" in the Capitol building today, when he appeared as a witness in Thaw, the Matteawan fugitive fighting the House lebby investigation. Under deportation. the examination by James S. Easby-Smith, counsel for McDermott, Shaw said guments of Thaw's counsel on a motion to room No. 29 in the Capitol, and that absolutely refused to entertain the obhe, Shaw, bad studied law in that "seeret room' for several months following New York. This was greeted with a wild

He said he had never seen Col. Mulhall nor I. H. McMichael in or about that room. Shaw explained that McDermott was "broke" frequently because he (Mc-Dermott) was putting much money into

Peevish Under Cross-Examination.

Isaac H. McMichael, a former witness, early in his cross-examination, when a memorandum concerning the Hughes he maintained his composure. bill of 1912. McMichael said he had written one memorandum telling Mctracts done on an eight-hour-a-day basis. written by Mulhall. "On what I myself wrote I have testi-

led, but as for what Mulhall wrote, I don't give a damn." the witness declared Chairman Garrett rapped several times Michael against a repetition of such ex-McMichael denied that he had told a Dr. Smith that "he was getting his" out

of McMichael's portion of the Mulhall charges. He said that Representative Rellly of Connecticut had said to him once: "Why, McMichael, I thought you "He had a right to think that from

he newspaper statement by McDermott,

Declares Statement Is False. was asked whether he and a newspaper man named Merriweather had worked all

night on an article concerning the present

berg of the New York American had tried to buy a statement from him on the contingency that it should be damaging to the Wilson administration. Many questions were asked McMichael about telephone calls from McDermott. "I don't remember all of these," said ened at an automobile and ran for twelve the witness. "Sometimes he asked me to blocks before it could be stopped. The step out in the hall. Sometimes he would telephone to George D. Horning, the Washington pawnbroker, and I was asked

to go outside. He said that all phone calls to Mulhall concerned money for campaign expenses.

McDermott's Finances Discussed. Humphrey S. Shaw, formerly a House "an old guy who had all kinds of cush," using words of McMichael to describe the first meeting of Mulhall and McDermott. "'Who is this old guy?" McDermott inquired of McMichael. 'Why, Col. Mulhall,' said McMichael. 'Oh,' said McDermott. 'I don't want to know him. He

tried to tell me something once." The word "cush" had to be explained to Attorney Easby-Smith. He learned it meant "money. Shaw said McDermott had given him the key to the so-called "secret room" in the Capitol in August, 1911, at the end of the extra session in order that he

#### might study law during the summer. McMichael Carried Office Keys. Witness said he saw neither McMichael

nor Mulhall in that room, but that Mc-Michael got into the room at some time papers. McMichael, he said, had keys to room 29, the "secret room," and also to McDermott's room in the House office

Shaw denied that the weekly letters of ceived by McDermott, were turned over writ on which Thaw was to come in printed, were filed by Shaw and not sured his detention in jail until such handed out. The former page said he had seen George Horning in McDermott's

## Smarts Under Criticism.

Col. Martin Mulhall, former official rights. of the N. A. M., smarted under the suave cross-examination of James S. Easby-Smith, counsel for Representative McDermott for several hours yesterday afternoon. Col. Mulhall was of the interior with reference to Thaw's challenged by the attorney to present deportation, announced that Canadian documents or specific information of counsel, acting through the crown proseany kind as to a single instance when cutor, would seek to force Thaw into McDermott gave him any "inside" in- court today. He maintained, moreover, formation. It seemed probable that that the move of Thaw's lawyers to the cross-examination of Col. Mulhall abandon the habeas corpus writ was iryesterday would end his appearance regular and would at least have to be on the witness stand at this investi-

# Opposed Buchanan.

At the afternoon session of the Senate lobby investigating committee yesterday James A. Emery, counsel for the National Association of Manufacturers, said that he had opposed the election of Representative Buchanan of Illinois because he considered that the latter, as president of the Structural Iron Workers' Union, had sanctioned violence at Toledo which differed only in degree from the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times building. the bad man, Buchanan, didn't they?" suggested Senator Reed. "Yes, and they elected Lorimer," re-

plied the witness. "And Edward Hines, one of your members, assisted to elect him. Did you ever assist in trying to defeat a crook?" asked "Yes, and this is a good illustration."

"I think that is a good description."

# IN FIGHT ON THAW

**Dramatic Preliminary Skir**mish at Sherbrooke.

CROWD CHEERS WILDLY: PRISONER, RISING, BOWS

Habeas Corpus Writ Continued Till This Afternoon.

New York state was ruled out of court here today in a dramatic preliminary skirmish with lawyers for Harry K.

"Hooray for the British flag! Hooray

#### Thaw Bows Acknowledgment.

Thaw bowed three times, like a stage wha was again on the stand, grew peevish star taking a curtain call before a sympathetic audience. His cheeks were James Easby-Smith questioned him about flushed, his big brown eyes shone, but

"on the floor" to oppose the proposition swept aside court attendants and uniformed Dominion police and swarmed up to the judge's bench. But Thaw elud-

Ten minutes later he was on his way back to the Sherbrooke jail. A great He started upon an explanation, and crowd on the courthouse steps cheered

again as he descended Arguments in the matter of discontinuing the habeas corpus writ were put over till 3 o'clock this afternoon, there being some doubt in the court's mind as to whether counsel for Thaw purposed to

#### proceed under the civil or criminal code. Jerome Defeated Second Time.

Defeated in their first court skirmish the New York forces, though counsel, Magistrate Dupuis of Coaticook, who originally held Thaw, to hold court and consider motions to quash the charge on

This would bring Thaw within the grasp of immigration authorities. Dupuis declined and would not counten-"It is absolutely false," he cried, "and ance another magistrate sitting in his

Long before the resumption of the afternoon session of the superior court, set for 3 o'clock, every seat in the courtroom was filled and many persons were standing.

#### Jerome Silent on Demonstration. When the New Yorkers and their Canadian lawyers got back their breath, they assembled in their ho-

tel. Mr. Jerome called reporters aside and dictated this statement: "We, who represent here the state of New York, are entirely unwilling to in one of his majesty's courts today. United States and the courts of the and cordial, and we realize keenly the our brethren in Canada who are assisting us. Mr. Jacobs, who is asso-

ciated with us, is present and we would prefer not to say anything with reference to the occurrence of the morn-Mr. Jerome turned toward Mr. Jacob and the latter said: "There is nothing I can say, I will say, though, that this is the first in-

stance to my knowledge where such

an outburst in any of our courts was

#### not followed by the immediate clearing of the court.

Lawyers Get Little Sleep. were discussed by the leaders, the op-White's slayer shall remain in his cell

the charge of being a fugitive, either before a magistrate or before the king's bench, criminal side, in October. In withdrawing the writ, they contended that they were well within their legal

This was the situation early this morning when Franklin Kennedy, deputy attorney general of New York, hurrying here after a trip to Ottawa, where he conferred with the Dominion department sanctioned by Superior Judge Arthur Globensky, who granted it last week, Judge Globensky reached here during the night from Montreal, and it was expected that Thaw's lawyers would consult him about the writ as soon as he

#### came in his chambers. Thaw's Chief Lawyer Indignant.

W. C. McKeown, Thaw's chief Dominion lawyer, was indignant at the attitude of the New York state forces in their declaration that they would practically drag Thaw into court today. "That might go in Dutchess county,

New York," he said, "but not in the "Well, the people of Chicago elected district of St. Francis, Quebec. They might as well boast that they were going to batter down the jail doors and carry off Thaw by force. It is ridiculous. There must be some dignity about our court procedure. The state of New York cannot jump in and run things to suit itself at a moment's notice.
"We have precedent in our desire and

right to withdraw the writ of habeas corpus. If we choose to let our client "You mean to characterize Buchanan as stay in jail, it is our affair. Getting him out is their trouble. The bungling commitment on which he is held specifies no

# Former Secretary to Illinois Member | Hearing on Motion to Discontinue

Superior Judge Globensky, hearing arto discontinue a writ of habeas corpus, jections of Hector Verret, representing outburst of cheering by a thousand Canadian spectators. Thaw, rising, bowed

for Harry Thaw!" shrieked men and women, standing on chairs, waving handkerchiefs, parasols and hats.